<u>Lecon 10 – The High School.</u>

La bibliotheque – The library
La cantine –The school restaurant
La salle de classe – the classroom
La cour de recreation – The recess ground
Le gymnase – the gymnasium hall
La reception - the office
Le bureau du pricipal – the principal's office
La salle des professeurs – The staff room
Les toilettes – the toilets
L'infirmerie - The sick bay
La salle d'etude - The study room
Le vestiaire – The locker room
Il y a – there is / there are

Activite 10-1 :Learn the vocabulary by heart by writing it down and then reading it out loud for 10 minutes.

Activite 10-2: Describe your high school with the number of each places there are.

Lecon 11: The different subjects at school.

Le français - French
L'anglais - English
Les mathematiques - Maths
L'histoire - History
La geographie - Geoghraphy
La science - Biology
La physique - Physics
La chimie - Chemistry
Le sport - Physical Education
L'art plastique - Art studies
La musique - Music studies
L'economie - Economics

Fun fact : In the French education system, all these subjects are compulsory for everyone going to High School.

There are also other optional subjects as well such as: theatre, latin, grec, philosophie, politique ... (Acting, latin language, greek language, philosophy, politics, ...)

Reminder

Les jours de la semaine – The days of the week.

Lundi – Monday

Mardi - Tuesday

Mercredi - Wednesday

Jeudi - Thursday

Vendredi – Friday

Samedi - Saturday

Dimanche - Sunday

Activite 11-1 – Learn this new vocabulary by heart by writing the words down and then, reading them out loud for 10 minutes

Activite 11-2 – Describe your day at school in French in 50 words.

Lecon 12 - The Verb ALLER 'To go'.

Je vais – I go
Tu vas – You go
Il va – He goes
Elle va – She goes
Nous allons – We go
Vous allez – You people go
Ils vont – They males go
Elles vont – They female go

The verb ALLER is another fully irregular verb in french. The other ones that you already know are the verbs ETRE, AVOIR and FAIRE (to be, to have and to do). And even if it ends with —er, it is not a first group verb.

In French, when you are going to a location, the suffix "a" is added after the verb ALLER in order to show the direction, it is equivalent to the "to" in the sentence "I go to Ratu Navula" (in French, it's "Je vais a Ratu Navula"

Activite 12-1: Learn this new verb by writing it down and then reading it out loud for 10 minutes.

Activite 12-2: Fill in the sentences with the right forms of 'ALLER' in French.

- 1. Tu ou?
- 2. Nous a Ratu Navula a 8 heures.
- 3. Il a la cantine.
- 4. Vous a la bibliotheque.
- 5. Elles a la reception. Activite

Activite 12-3: Put the letters in order to make the different forms of 'ALLER'.

- 1. S N L A L O:
- 2. V I S A:
- 3. T N V O:
- $4. Z L A L E : \dots$
- 5. S V A